

## Appendix. Mathematical formulations

### A. Group positioning problem

This Section provides mathematical formulations for the group positioning problem.

#### A.1. Sets

- $I$ : Logical vehicles to be placed.
- $S$ : Vehicle series (including 0 indicating that a lane is empty).
- $V$ : Lanes where the vehicles can be parked.
- $V_s \subset V, s \in S$ : Subset of lanes where vehicle series  $s$  can be parked.

#### A.2. Data

- $s(i)$ : Series of vehicle  $i$ .
- $l_i$ : Length of vehicle  $i$ .
- $c_v$ : Capacity (length) of lane  $v$ .

#### A.3. Variables

- $x_{iv}$ : Vehicle  $i \in I$  is on lane  $v \in V_{s(i)}$  ( $x_{iv} = 1$ ) or not ( $x_{iv} = 0$ )
- $y_{sv}$ : Lane  $v \in V_s$  is occupied by vehicle series  $s$  ( $y_{sv} = 1$ ) or not ( $y_{sv} = 0$ )

For having a linear objective, it is possible to introduce variables  $z_{ss'v}$  whose value must be set to:  $z_{ss'v} = y_{sv} \cdot y_{s'(v+1)}$ . This is automatically done by *Gurobi* and does not significantly influence its computational time.

#### A.4. Constraints

- A vehicle is assigned to exactly one lane:

$$\sum_{v \in V_{s(i)}} x_{iv} = 1 \quad \forall i \in I \quad (1)$$

- A lane is occupied by exactly one series:

$$\sum_v y_{sv} = 1 \quad \forall s \in S \quad (2)$$

- A vehicle can be placed only on a lane with the right series:

$$x_{iv} \leq y_{sv} \quad \forall i \in I, \forall v \in V_{s(i)}, \forall s \in S \quad (3)$$

- The sum of vehicle lengths on a lane cannot exceed the lane capacity:

$$\sum_i l_i x_{iv} \leq c_v \quad \forall v \in V_{s(i)} \quad (4)$$

### A.5. Objectives

• First objective consists of grouping vehicle series, i.e. minimizing the number of different series in adjacent lanes:

$$obj_1 : \text{Minimize } \sum_{s \neq 0} \sum_{s' \neq s} \sum_v y_{sv} \cdot y_{s'(v+1)} \quad (5)$$

• Second objective is to minimize the number of occupied lanes (or maximizing free lanes):

$$obj_2 : \text{Minimize } \sum_{s \neq 0} \sum_v y_{sv} \quad (6)$$

• Third objective is to minimize the remaining space on each lane (or maximizing the occupied space):

$$obj_3 : \text{Minimize } \sum_{s \neq 0} \sum_v c_v y_{sv} \quad (7)$$

• The global objective for the group positioning is:

$$\text{Minimize } p_1 obj_1 + p_2 obj_2 + obj_3, \text{ where } p_1 \text{ and } p_2 \text{ are weights such that } p_1 \gg obj_2 \text{ and } p_2 \gg obj_3. \quad (8)$$

## B. Schedule assignment problem

This Section provides a mathematical formulation for the schedules assignment problem.

### B.1. Sets

- $I$ : Schedules (or physical vehicles) to be placed.
- $V$ : Lanes where the vehicles must be parked.
- $V_i \subset V, i \in I$ : Subsets of lanes where vehicle  $i$  can be parked.
- $N \subset V$ : Lanes for which the vehicle in front must leave before those in front of the next adjacent lane.
- $P \subset V$ : Lanes where the vehicle in front must leave before those in front of the previous adjacent lane.

### B.2. Data and parameters

- $h_i$ : Departure time of vehicle  $i$  ( $i \in I$ ).
- $h_{min}$ : Minimal difference of time between departures on the same lane ( $h_{min} = 10$ ).
- $h_{ideal}$ : Ideal difference of time ( $h_{ideal} = 20$ ).
- $n_v$ : Number of vehicles to be placed on lane  $v$  ( $v \in V$ ).
- $t_{ij}$ : Schedule type of vehicle  $i$  and  $j$  are similar ( $t_{ij} = 1$ ) or not ( $t_{ij} = 0$ ).
- $w_{ij}$ : Reward for respecting  $h_{min}$

$$w_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1.5 \cdot h_{min} & h_{min} \leq h_j - h_i \leq h_{ideal} \\ h_{min} & h_j - h_i > h_{ideal} \\ -4 \cdot (h_{min} - (h_j - h_i)) & h_j - h_i < h_{min} \end{cases}$$

### B.3. Variables

- $x_{ivp} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if schedule } i \text{ is on lane } v \text{ at position } p \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (i \in I, v \in V_i, 1 \leq p \leq n_v)$

#### B.4. Constraints

- A vehicle is assigned to exactly one position:

$$\sum_{i|v \in V_i} x_{ivp} = 1 \quad \forall v \in V \quad \forall p \quad (9)$$

- A position is occupied by exactly one vehicle:

$$\sum_p x_{ivp} = 1 \quad \forall i \in I, \forall v \in V_i \quad (10)$$

- The departure time of any vehicle must be prior to the vehicle following it:

$$h_i x_{ivp} \leq \sum_{j \neq i} h_j x_{jv(p+1)} \quad \forall i \in I, \forall v \in V_i, 1 \leq p < n_v \quad (11)$$

- Weak blocking constraints:

$$h_i x_{iv1} \leq \sum_{j \neq i} h_j x_{j(v+1)1} \quad \forall v \in N, \forall i \in I \quad (12)$$

$$h_i x_{iv1} \leq \sum_{j \neq i} h_j x_{j(v-1)1} \quad \forall v \in P, \forall i \in I \quad (13)$$

#### B.5. Objectives

- Maximize the number of schedules of a same type (color) on each lane.

$$obj_1 : \text{Maximize} \quad \sum_i \sum_{j \neq i} \sum_{v \in V_i} \sum_{p=1}^{n_v-1} t_{ij} (x_{ivp} \cdot x_{jv(p+1)}) \quad (14)$$

- Maximize the number of schedules of a same type between successive lanes (i.e. comparing the last vehicle of a lane with the first vehicle of the next lane):

$$obj_2 : \text{Maximize} \quad \sum_{i \in I} \sum_{j \neq i} \sum_{v, v+1 \in V_i} t_{ij} (x_{ivn_v} \cdot x_{j(v+1)1}) \quad (15)$$

- Maximize best practices between any two departures (penalizing departures that do not respect a minimal time and rewarding departures that respect an ideal time):

$$obj_3 : \text{Maximize} \quad \sum_i \sum_{j \neq i} \sum_{v \in V_i} \sum_{p=1}^{n_v-1} w_{ij} (x_{ivp} \cdot x_{jv(p+1)}) \quad (16)$$

- Global objective:

$$\text{Maximize} \quad m (obj_1 + obj_2) + obj_3, \text{ where } m \text{ is such that } m \gg obj_3 \quad (17)$$